

**MINISTRY OF EDUCATION AND SCIENCE OF UKRAINE
WEST UKRAINIAN NATIONAL UNIVERSITY
LAW FACULTY**

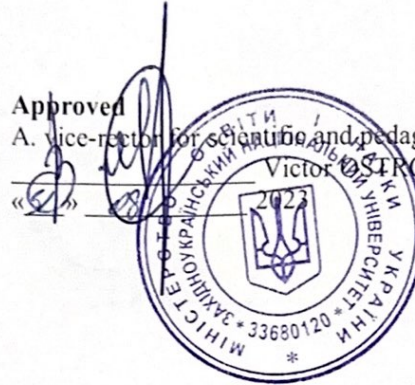
Approved

T.a. Dean of the Faculty of Law
Nadia MOSKALYUK
2023



Approved

A. vice-rector for scientific and pedagogical work
Victor OSTROVERKHOV



**Work program
discipline**

«International Security Law»

Higher education degree - bachelor
Field of knowledge - 29 International relations
Specialty - 293 International law
Educational and professional program – «International law»

Department of Theory and History of State and Law

Form of study	Study year	Semester	Lectures	Practical classes	Individual work	Training, CPIT	Student-self study	Total	Exam/Credit
Full-time	3	6	28	14	3	6	99	150	Credit

31.08.2023
[Signature]

The work program was prepared by Professor of the Department of Theory and History of State and Law, Doctor of the Science of Law, Associate Professor Tetiana DRAKOKHRUST.

The work program was considered and approved at the meeting of the Department of Theory and History of State and Law, Protocol No. 1 dated August 30, 2023.

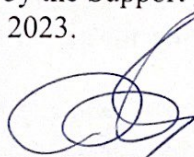
Acting head of Department



Nataliia CHUDYK

Considered and approved by the Support group of specialty 293 International law, Protocol No. 1 dated August 31, 2023.

Head of the SGS



Yaryna ZHUKORSKA

Guarantor of EP



Liudmyla SAVANETS

STRUCTURE OF THE WORK PROGRAM OF EDUCATIONAL DISCIPLINE

«International Security Law»

1. Description of the discipline «International Security Law»

Discipline	Branch of knowledge, specialty, educational-qualification level	Characteristics of the discipline
The number of ECTS credits is 5	Branch of knowledge: 29 International relations	Selective discipline
The number of module modules is 3	Direction of training - 293 International Law	Year of preparation - 3 Semester - 6
The number of content modules is 2	higher education degree – Bachelor of International Law	Lectures - 28 hours. Seminars – 14 hours.
Total hours - 150 hours		Independent work – 99 hours. CPUT, Training - 6 hours Individual work - 3 hours.
Weekly hours - 10 hours. of them auditorium - 3 hours.		Type of final control – credit

2. The purpose and tasks of the discipline «International Security Law»

2. 1. Purpose of the study of discipline

The purpose of the discipline "International Security Law" is to provide students with theoretical and applied knowledge about the general trends in the development of international legal regulation of cooperation in the field of international security, abilities, skills related to the main scientific problems of International Security Law, namely:

to acquaint students with the system of international legal acts in the field of legal regulation of disarmament, arms limitation and international cooperation in the field of international security;

to form students' ability to analyse universal and regional international legal acts in the field of International Security Law;

to form students' legal outlook, legal awareness and legal culture of a jurist, legal thinking.

2.2. The task of studying the discipline:

The task of studying the discipline consists in the acquisition by students of knowledge, skills and abilities (competencies) to effectively implement the acquired theoretical knowledge in practice. The task of studying the discipline is also a detailed study of the legal status of subjects of International Security Law; analysis of universal and regional international legal acts in the field of regulation of international security. Because of studying the academic discipline, the student must know:

- fundamental concepts about the emergence and development of scientific research in the field of International Security Law, their place and role in the structure of the science of international relations;

- research methodology of the main approaches to understanding the essence, forms and methods of ensuring international security;

- the basic conceptual and categorical apparatus and methodological tools of the theory of International Security Law;

- the relationship between national security, regional security, and international security as interconnected subsystems that serve as the basis for the creation and functioning of the global system of ensuring international security;

- the main socio-political and economic trends and contradictions in the field of international security, including in the context of their correlation with the national interests and national security priorities of Ukraine.

be able:

- to possess the methodological tools of the theory of International Security Law;
- use knowledge of International Security Law in legal practice;
- to orientate in the system of legislative and sub-legal normative legal acts, which are the subject of the field of International Security Law;
- to monitor the connections between the norms of law and the norms of International Security Law of other branches of law;
- apply methods of analysis and synthesis, induction and deduction, comparison, modeling and forecasting in the field of international security;
- work independently with scientific and educational literature, with regulatory and legal acts of different levels of hierarchy;
- to be able to make decisions in order to solve theoretical, legislative and practical issues of national and international security.

2.3. Learning outcomes:

Program learning outcomes obtained during the study of the discipline "International Security Law" allow students in the process of professional implementation:

Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the main modern legal doctrines, values and principles of functioning of the national and international legal system.

3. Content of the discipline

Content module 1. General theoretical concepts of International Security Law

Topic 1. Concept and content of International Security Law. The genesis of its development

The concept of International Security Law. Goals and principles of International Security Law. Activities and role of the UN Security Council in the field of international security. Structural institutional mechanisms that ensure the implementation of International Security Law. Peculiarities of establishing the responsibility of subjects for violations of the norms of International Security Law.

Topic 2. Sources of International Security Law

Universal agreements in the field of international security. Regional agreements in the field of international security. Bilateral agreements between countries on maintenance of peace and security. The role for International Security Law of statements and declarations on peace and security in the world.

Topic 3. Collective security system. The role of the UN and the Security Council in the system of maintaining peace and international law and order

The concept of comprehensive collective security. The concept and content of universal collective security in modern international law. The essence of regional collective security and its role for the development of regions. Actions regarding threats to peace and acts of aggression. Powers of the UN Security Council. Regional agreements (Chapter 8 of the UN Charter). Concept of regional system of collective security system. Organization of American States. Treaty on the defense of Southeast Asia.

Topic 4. Disarmament and arms limitation

Legal regulation of disarmament measures. Prohibition of certain types of weapons. Zone of complete demilitarization. Nuclear disarmament. Nuclear free zones. Disarmament process.

Topic 5. International control and measures to strengthen trust between countries as a factor of security stability in the world

International control as a special type of activity of MP subjects in compliance with the law of international security and international legal order. Confidence-building measures at the universal, regional and bilateral levels. Peacekeeping missions. Humanitarian intervention. The use of international coalitions, and the sanctions of the countries that are part of them, on the government of the offender's country.

Content module 2. Organizational and legal measures of activities to support peace and security

Topic 6. NATO in the Euro-Atlantic security system

The evolution of the competence of NATO's main bodies in the field of military and security cooperation of member states. Expansion of security cooperation within NATO after the end of the Cold War. Partnership for Peace. Mediterranean dialogue. NATO and the fight against terrorism. Cooperation between the EU and NATO in the field of security and defense.

Topic 7. The role of regional international organizations in ensuring international security

Legal bases of activity of regional organizations in the field of international security. Legal consequences of the Helsinki Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe. The establishment and structure of the OSCE. OSCE peacekeeping operations. OSCE peacekeeping operations in Ukraine.

Topic 8. Peaceful resolution of international disputes as the basis of International Security Law

The concept and essence of an international dispute. Types of international legal methods of peaceful settlement of international disputes. Resolution of disputes in international organizations.

Topic 9. The importance of international criminal justice for strengthening the international security system.

Principles of the Nuremberg Military Tribunal. Tokyo Military Tribunal. The International Criminal Court: main aspects of preventing aggression. Resolution of the UN General Assembly No. 68/262 of March 27, 2014 regarding Ukraine in the context of the aggression of the Russian Federation

4. Program of a credit from the discipline " International Security Law"

№ п/п	Topics	Hours					Control measures
		Lectures	Practical trainings	Individual work	Student self-study	CPIT, Training	
Content module 1							
1.	Topic 1. Concept and content of International Security Law. The genesis of its development	2	2	5	1		Tests, questions
2.	Topic 2. Sources of International Security Law	2	2	5			Cases
3.	Topic 3. Collective security system. The role of the UN and the Security Council in the system of maintaining peace and international law and order	4	2	5	1	3	Tests, questions
4.	Topic 4. Disarmament and arms limitation	4	2	5			Cases
5.	Topic 5. International control and measures to strengthen trust between countries as a factor of security stability in the world	4	2	11			Cases
Content module 2							
6.	Topic 6. NATO in the Euro-Atlantic security system	4	1	10	2	3	Tests, questions

7.	Topic 7. The role of regional international organizations in ensuring international security	4	1	20	1		Cases
8.	Topic 8. Peaceful resolution of international disputes as the basis of International Security Law	2	1	20			Tests, questions
9.	Topic 9. The importance of international criminal justice for strengthening the international security system.	2	1	18			
Total		28	14	99	3	6	

5. THEMATICS OF PRACTICAL TRAININGS

PRACTICAL TRAINING № 1.

Practical lesson 1

Topic: Concept and content of international security law. The genesis of its development

Purpose: to clarify the essence and place of international security law in the system of international public law.

Questions for discussion:

1. The concept of international security law. Goals and principles of international security law.
2. Activity and role of the UN Security Council in the field of international security.
3. Structural institutional mechanisms that ensure the implementation of international security law. Peculiarities of establishing the responsibility of subjects for violations of the norms of international security law.

Practical class 2.

Topic: Sources of international security law

Purpose: to characterize the sources of international security law.

Questions for discussion:

1. Universal agreements in the field of international security.
2. Regional agreements in the field of international security.
3. Bilateral agreements between countries on maintaining peace and security.
4. The role for international security law of statements and declarations about peace and security in the world.

Practical lesson 3

Topic: System of collective security. The role of the UN and the Security Council in the system of maintaining peace and international law and order

Purpose: to find out the origins, legal nature, essence and meaning of the system of collective security, its place in the mechanism of legal regulation.

Questions for discussion:

1. The concept of comprehensive collective security.
2. The concept and content of universal collective security in modern international law.

3. The essence of regional collective security and its role for the development of regions.
4. Actions regarding threats to peace and acts of aggression. Powers of the UN Security Council. Regional agreements (Chapter 8 of the UN Charter).
5. The concept of a regional system of a collective security system.
6. Organization of American States. Treaty on the defense of Southeast Asia.

Practical lesson 4

Topic: Disarmament and arms limitation

Purpose: to clarify the essence and meaning of disarmament and arms limitation.

Questions for discussion:

1. Legal regulation of disarmament measures.
2. Prohibition of certain types of weapons.
3. Zone of complete demilitarization.
4. Nuclear disarmament.
5. Nuclear-free zones.
6. Disarmament process.

Practical lesson 5

Topic: International control and measures to strengthen trust between countries as a factor of security stability in the world

Purpose: to clarify the principles of international control and measures to strengthen trust between countries as a factor of security stability in the world

Questions for discussion:

1. International control as a special type of activity of MP subjects in compliance with the law of international security and international legal order.
2. Confidence-building measures at the universal, regional and bilateral levels.
3. Peacekeeping missions.
4. Humanitarian intervention.
5. Use of international coalitions and sanctions of the countries included in them on the government of the offender's country.

Content module 2

Practical lesson 6

Topic: NATO in the Euro-Atlantic security system

The goal: to clarify NATO's place in the Euro-Atlantic security system

Questions for discussion:

1. Evolution of the competence of the main bodies of NATO in the field of military and security cooperation of the member states.
2. Expansion of security cooperation within NATO after the end of the Cold War. Partnership for Peace.
3. Mediterranean dialogue.
4. NATO and the fight against terrorism.
5. Cooperation between the EU and NATO in the field of security and defense.

Topic: The role of regional international organizations in ensuring international security

Purpose: to find out the essence and place of regional international organizations in ensuring international security

Questions for discussion:

1. Legal bases of activity of regional organizations in the field of international security.
2. Legal consequences of the Helsinki Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe.
3. Establishment and structure of the OSCE.
4. OSCE peacekeeping operations.
5. Peacekeeping operations.
6. OSCE peacekeeping operations in Ukraine.

Practical lesson 7

Topic. Peaceful resolution of international disputes as the basis of International Security Law

Purpose: to find out the essence of an international dispute.

Questions for discussion:

1. The concept and essence of an international dispute.
2. Types of international legal methods of peaceful settlement of international disputes.
3. Resolution of disputes in international organizations.

Topic. The importance of international criminal justice for strengthening the international security system.

Purpose: to find out the types of Tribunals

Questions for discussion:

1. Principles of the Nuremberg Military Tribunal.
2. Tokyo Military Tribunal.
3. The International Criminal Court: main aspects of preventing aggression.
4. Resolution of the UN General Assembly No. 68/262 of March 27, 2014 regarding Ukraine in the context of the aggression of the Russian Federation

6. Complex practical individual task

Complex Practical Individual Task (CPIT) is a form of training designed to deepen, summarize and consolidate the knowledge that students receive in the learning process, as well as the application of this knowledge in practice. CPIT is performed by students independently under the supervision of teachers; this is the completed theoretical or practical work within the curriculum of the course, which is executed on the basis of knowledge, skills and skills obtained during the process of lectures, practical classes.

Types of CPIT in the academic discipline "International Security Law":

- preparation of a scientific article or theses of a scientific report for publication;
- participation in Internet conferences;
- participation in student Olympiads;
- writing essays, performing creative tasks;
- participation in a team project.

The type of CPIT is agreed with each student individually.

CPIT topics are also agreed individually.

7. Student self-study

Student self-study as the main form of learning by the student of the educational material at the time, free of compulsory classes and without the participation of the teacher, involves a personal, self-centered organization of student learning.

№	Title of topic
1.	Topic 1. Concept and content of International Security Law. The genesis of its development
2.	Topic 2. Sources of International Security Law
3.	Topic 3. Collective security system. The role of the UN and the Security Council in the system of maintaining peace and international law and order
4.	Topic 4. Disarmament and arms limitation
5.	Topic 5. International control and measures to strengthen trust between countries as a factor of security stability in the world

6.	Topic 6. NATO in the Euro-Atlantic security system
7.	Topic 7. The role of regional international organizations in ensuring international security
8.	Topic 8. Peaceful resolution of international disputes as the basis of International Security Law
9.	Topic 9. The importance of international criminal justice for strengthening the international security system.

8. Organization and conducting of training (4 hours)

The topic of the training

1. Evolution of the competence of the main bodies of NATO in the field of military and security cooperation of the member states.
2. Expansion of security cooperation within NATO after the end of the Cold War. Partnership for Peace.
3. Cooperation between the EU and NATO in the field of security and defense.

Training procedure

1. Familiarize yourself with the prerequisites for the creation of NATO bodies.
2. To analyze the peculiarities of the expansion of security cooperation within the framework of NATO
3. Present the results of the analysis in the form of a team project (for example, a simulation game).

9. Means of evaluation and methods of demonstrating learning outcomes

In the process of studying the discipline "International Security Law", evaluation tools and methods of demonstrating learning results are used: current survey; credit module survey; team projects; analytical reports, abstracts, essays; presentations of the results of completed tasks and research; rector's control work. The final form of control is an exam. When studying the academic discipline "International Security Law", the following teaching methods are used: lectures, practical classes, individual classes, performing scientific works under the guidance of a teacher.

10. Criteria, forms of current and final control

The final score (on a 100-point scale) in the discipline "International Security Law" is defined as the weighted average, depending on the proportion of each component of the loan:

Credit module 1	Credit module 2	Credit module 3
30	40	30
Oral survey during classes (1-5 topics) - 10 points per topic - max.50 points Module control work - max. 50 points	Oral survey during classes (6-9 topics) - 10 points per topic - max. 40 points Module control work - max. 60 points	Preparation of CPIT - max. 40 points. Protection of CPIT - max. 40 points Participation in trainings - max. 20 points

Grading scale:

On the scale university	On the national scale	On the ECTS scale
90-100	excellent	A (excellent)
85-89	good	B (very good)

75-84		C (good)
65-74	satisfactory	D (satisfactory)
60-64		E (enough)
35-59	non-satisfactory	FX (non-satisfactory with possibility of repeated passing)
1-34		F (non-satisfactory with repeated courses of lectures)

11. List of guidelines and materials

№ з/п	Visual materials	Topics
1.	Electronic version of theoretical questions	1–9
2.	Individual tasks for independent performance (electronic version)	1–9
List of methodical instructions and materials		
1.	Individual tasks for independent study of the discipline (electronic version)	1–9
2.	Materials for distance learning of the course	1–9

List of recommended literature:

1. Videnska konventsiiia «Pro konsulski znosyny» 24 kvitnia 1963 roku. URL: https://zakon.rada.gov.ua/laws/show/995_047#Text.
2. Deklaratsiia OON pro pryntsyipy mizhnarodnoho prava 1970 r. URL: http://zakon2.rada.gov.ua/laws/show/995_569.
3. Zahalna deklaratsiia prav liudyny. URL: http://zakon2.rada.gov.ua/laws/show/995_015.
4. Zakliuchnyi akt NBSIe Khelsinki 1975 r. URL: http://zakon2.rada.gov.ua/laws/show/994_055.
5. Niu-Yorkska Konventsiiia «Pro spetsialni misii» 8 hrudnia 1969 roku. URL: https://zakon.rada.gov.ua/laws/show/995_092#Text.
6. Statut Orhanizatsii Obiednanykh Natsii. URL: http://zakon2.rada.gov.ua/laws/show/995_010.
7. Statut Rady Yevropy. URL: http://zakon4.rada.gov.ua/laws/show/994_001.
8. Statut Spivdruzhnosti Nezaleznykh Derzhav. URL: http://zakon3.rada.gov.ua/laws/show/997_033.
9. Robin GeiB, Nils Melzer. The Oxford Handbook of the International Law of Global Security (Oxford Handbooks). Oxford University Press (April 16, 2021). 1200 p.
10. Stephen Dycus (Author), William C. Banks National Security Law, Seventh Edition and Counterterrorism Law, Fourth Edition: 2022-2023 Supplement. Aspen Publishing (August 19, 2022). 278 p.
11. Crawford, J. 9th Edition. Brownlie's Principles of Public International Law. Oxford University Press. 2019.
12. James Crawford. Brownlie's Principles of Public International Law. Oxford University Press. 9th Edition. 2019. 5. Klabbers, J. International Law. Cambridge University Press. 2020
13. Orakhelashvili, A. Akehurst's Modern Introduction to International Law. 8e edition. 2019.
14. Eric E. Smith. [Just War Theory and Non-State Actors: Using an Historical Body of Knowledge in Modern Circumstances](#). Routledge. 2021. 226 p.